

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

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ROBERT B. CIARPAGLINI,

Plaintiff,

v.

MEMORANDUM AND ORDER  
07-C-460-S

DON STRAHOTA, MICHAEL THURMER,  
BRUCE SIEDSCHLAG and LT. BRAEMER,

Defendants.

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Plaintiff Robert B. Ciarpaglini was allowed to proceed on his Eighth Amendment claim against defendants Don Strahota, Michael Thurmer, Bruce Siedschlag and Lt. Braemer. In his complaint he alleged that the defendants refused to provide him extra mattresses to pad areas of his cell to prevent injury from his seizures.

On September 10, 2007 defendants moved to dismiss plaintiff's complaint for failure to exhaust his administrative remedies. This motion has been fully briefed and is ready for decision.

FACTS

Plaintiff is currently incarcerated at the Waupun Correctional Institution, Waupun, Wisconsin (WCI). Defendants Mary Gorske, Belinda Schrubbe and Bruce Siedschlag are employed at WCI.

Plaintiff attempted to file an inmate complaint on his claim that the defendants refused to provide him extra mattresses to pad areas of his cell to prevent injury from his seizures. Although

the inmate complaint was stamped received it was not filed and was returned to plaintiff.

Plaintiff's inmate complaint was rejected pursuant to a 1993 Settlement agreement which he entered into with the State of Wisconsin. That agreement limits the number of inmate complaints he may file at one time. Plaintiff agreed to have no more than two active inmate complaints at any given time.

#### MEMORANDUM

Defendants seek to dismiss plaintiff's complaint for failure to exhaust his administrative remedies pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1997e(a). No action shall be brought with respect to prison conditions by a prisoner confined in any jail, prison or other correctional facility until available administrative remedies are exhausted. Prisoners must file their complaints and appeals in the place and at the time the prison's administrative rules require. Pozo v. McCaughtry, 286 F. 3d 1022, 1025 (7<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2002).

In Perez v. Wisconsin Department of Corrections, 182 F.3d 532, 535 (7<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1999), the Court held as follows:

...a suit filed by a prisoner before administrative remedies have been exhausted must be dismissed; the district court lacks discretion to resolve the claim on the merits, even if the prisoner exhausts intra-prison remedies before judgment.

Plaintiff argues that he is exempt from the exhaustion requirement because administrative remedies are not available to

him. Administrative remedies are available to him. He may have two active inmate complaints at a time. It is plaintiff's responsibility to choose which two inmate complaints he wishes to pursue. Plaintiff voluntarily entered into the Settlement agreement and is bound by it.

Plaintiff argues that the settlement agreement was discharged in bankruptcy. This argument lacks legal merit because plaintiff's agreement to only have two active inmate complaints at a time was not a claim that could be discharged in bankruptcy pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §101(5). The obligations to which he agreed in order to receive money from the other party to the agreement cannot be discharged in bankruptcy. Plaintiff is bound by the agreement to honor his obligations for which he received consideration. He may only have two active inmate complaints at one time.

Plaintiff has failed to exhaust administrative remedies that were available to him. Accordingly, plaintiff's complaint will be dismissed for his failure to exhaust his administrative remedies.

Plaintiff is advised that in any future proceedings in this matter he must offer argument not cumulative of that already provided to undermine this Court's conclusion that his complaint must be dismissed. See Newlin v. Helman, 123 F.3d 429, 433 (7<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1997).

ORDER

IT IS ORDERED that defendants' motion to dismiss is GRANTED.

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that judgment be entered in favor of defendants against plaintiff DISMISSING his complaint without prejudice for his failure to exhaust his administrative remedies.

Entered this 4<sup>th</sup> day of October, 2007.

BY THE COURT:

/s/

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JOHN C. SHABAZ  
District Judge